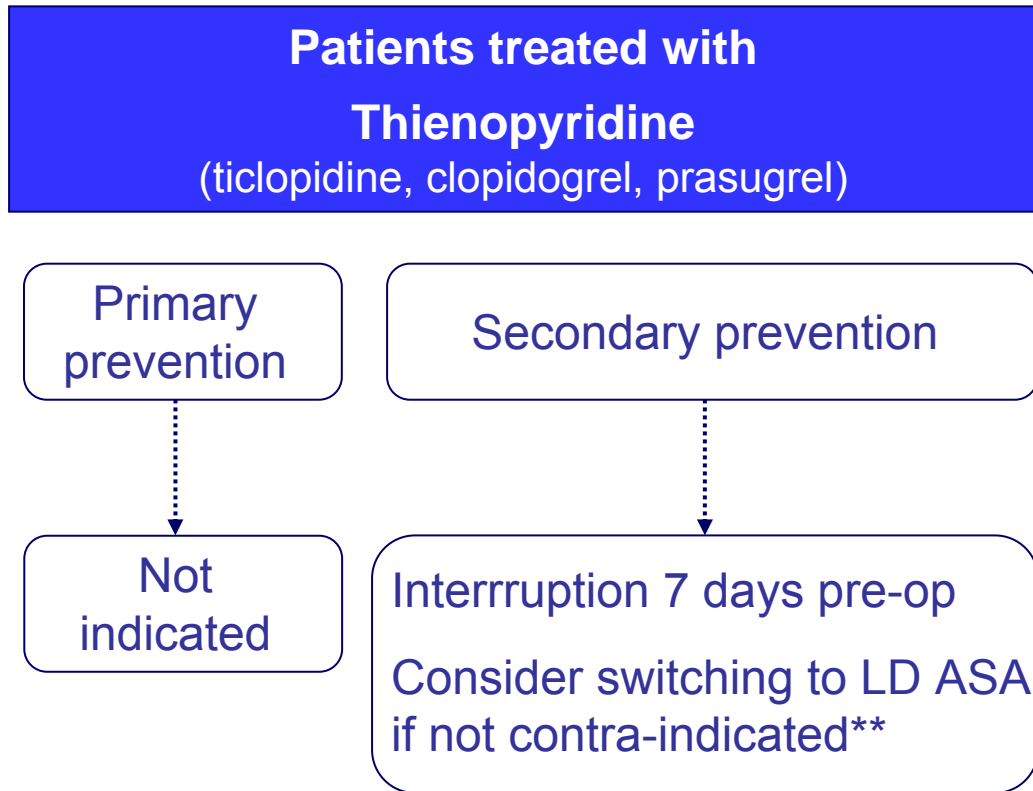


After the surgery or invasive procedure:

Antiplatelet can be resumed as soon as haemostasis has been achieved, most often ≤ 24 h after the intervention



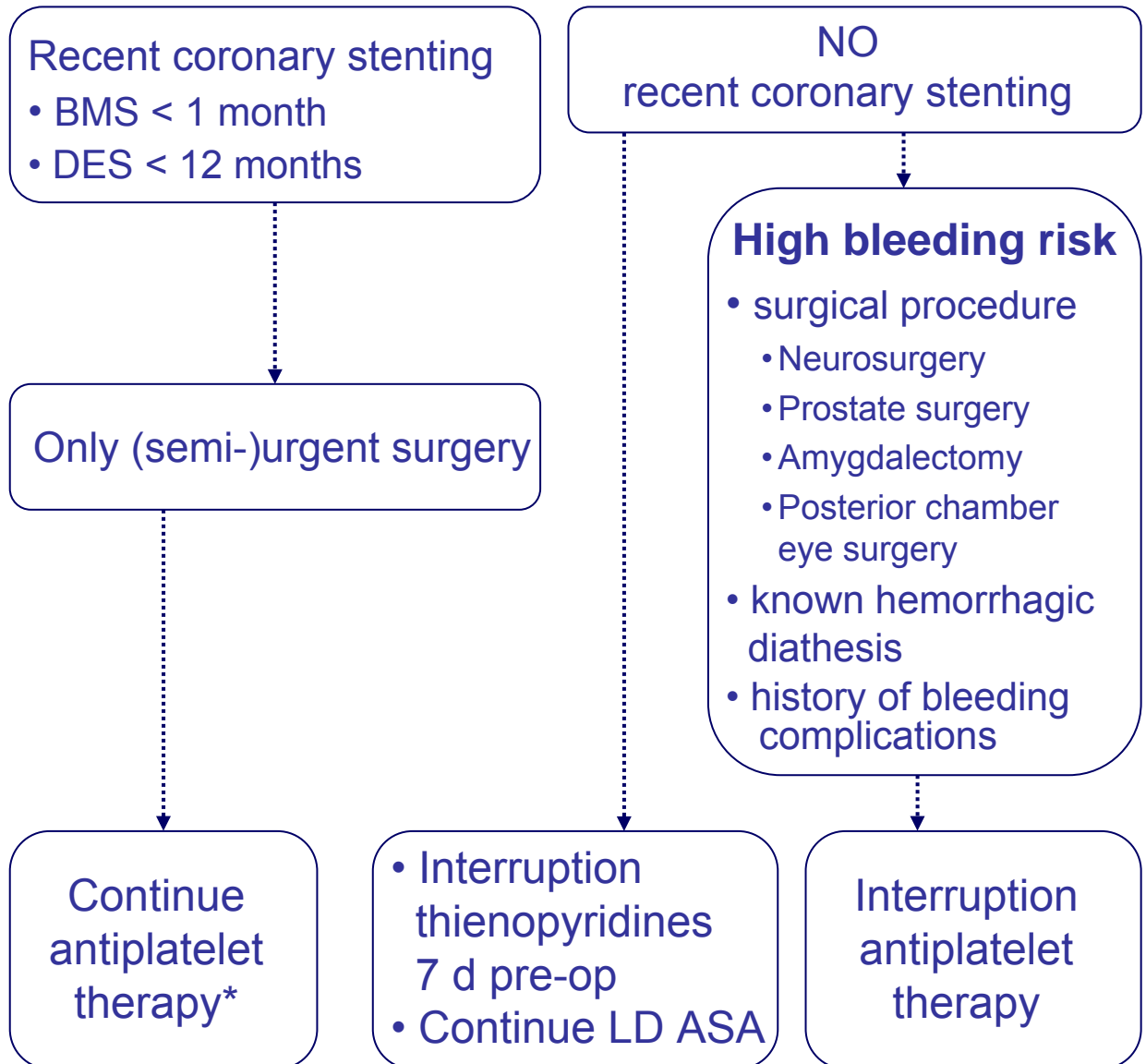
After the surgery or invasive procedure:

Antiplatelet can be resumed as soon as haemostasis has been achieved, most often ≤ 24 h after the intervention

** The routine use of LMWH for perioperative bridging of antiplatelet therapy is not recommended

Patients treated with Combination antiplatelet therapy

LD ASA + thienopyridine (ticlopidine, clopidogrel, prasugrel)



After the surgery or invasive procedure:

Antiplatelet can be resumed as soon as haemostasis has been achieved,
most often ≤ 24 h after the intervention

* After discussion with treating cardiologist

LD ASA: low dose acetylsalicylic acid; BMS: bare metal stent; DES: drug eluting stent

Patients treated with Combination antiplatelet therapy

LD ASA + dipyridamole

High bleeding risk

- surgical procedure
 - Neurosurgery
 - Prostate surgery
 - Amygdalectomy
 - Posterior chamber eye surgery
- known hemorrhagic diathesis
- history of bleeding complications

Interruption
antiplatelet therapy

Other

Continue
antiplatelet therapy

After the surgery or invasive procedure:

Antiplatelet can be resumed as soon as haemostasis has been achieved, most often ≤ 24 h after the intervention